

MODEL-ATMOSPHERE METHOD OF SPECTRUM ANALYSIS

J. ZVERKO

*Astronomical Institute of the Slovak Academy of Sciences,
Skalnate Pleso, Czechoslovakia*

Abstract: The method of the model-atmosphere spectrum analysis was modified for the wider application. In this paper is described the method of corrections to the theoretical curves of growth of different microturbulent velocity values. The tables bring the theoretical curves of growth of 21 elements computed for the model atmosphere corresponding to an A0 star on main sequence.

Introduction

The origin of the Ap-stars phenomenon is not as yet explained satisfactorily. The spectroscopic observations and the analysis of them is one in desirable means to reach the advance. The study of the abundance anomalies is necessary. For determination of them we choose the method of saturation and weighting functions. As the basis we took the method described by Aller et al. (1957). The modification of this method was made in order to have a possibility of the microturbulence correction in the process of the computation. We elaborated the Algol program for the computer GIER of the Slovak Academy of Sciences. 108 theoretical curves of growth of 21 elements were computed.

In this paper we briefly describe the method used, the manner of the computation and we give the theoretical curves of growth calculated for three models of atmospheres with the effective temperature corresponding to an A0 star on the main sequence.

Method

The equivalent width of the spectral line in the method of weighting and saturation functions is given by the expression

$$W_{\lambda} / \lambda = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} M Z^*(x) \psi(Y, a) W_S^m(x) G_{\lambda}^0(x) dx = M L^* \quad (1)$$

The meaning of the symbols used in this formula is the same as in the paper by Aller et al. (1957). The quantity M contains the abundance and it is

$$\log M = \log N_i / N_H + \log g / \lambda k + \theta_0 \Delta X. \quad (2)$$

The function $Z^*(x) = Z(x) (1 - \exp(-b\nu/kT))$ describes the occupation of the atomic energy levels as the function of the depth in the atmosphere. The saturation function, $\psi(Y, a)$, describes the saturation of the core of the spectral line and determines the deviation of the curve of growth for moderately strong lines from that one for the weak lines:

$$\psi(Y, a) = 2 \int_0^{\infty} H(v, a) \exp(-H(v, a)Y) dv / \sqrt{\pi}. \quad (3)$$

To simplify and obtain more efficiency of the method we carried out some approximation and modified the method with regard to the microturbulence. Adopted approximation is described in the paper by Zverko (1974), the corrections due to the microturbulence are derived in the next paragraph.

The coordinates of the curve of growth were calculated for five values of abscissae, which were derived from the observed value of the equivalent width by this manner: the unsaturated curve of growth is given by relation

$$W_{\lambda} / \lambda = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} M Z^*(x) G_{\lambda}^0(x) dx = M L^* \quad (4)$$

Then $M^j = (W_{\lambda} / \lambda)_{\text{obs}} / L^*$. As the abscissae of the curve of growth were adopted these values

$$\begin{aligned} M_1 &= 100 M \\ M_2 &= 20 M \\ M_3 &= 5 M \\ M_4 &= M \\ M_5 &= M/2 \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

An eventual extrapolation to the weaker lines ($M < M_5$) can be performed on the graph easily.

Microturbulence Corrections

To make better utilization of computed theoretical curves, we made the modification of the method with regard to the microturbulence in the atmosphere of the star. The basic set of the theoretical curves is computed for $\zeta_{\text{turb}} = 0 \text{ km s}^{-1}$. For the particular atmosphere with $\zeta_{\text{turb}} \neq 0$, the curves can be corrected by the manner described below.

The velocity of the microturbulence enters into the equivalent width (Eq. 1) by means of the saturation function and its arguments Y and a . The last quantity – the damping constant – a is given as $a = \gamma/4\pi\Delta\nu_D$, where $\Delta\nu_D = \nu \zeta_0/C$ and

$$\zeta_0 = (\zeta_T^2 + \zeta_{\text{turb}}^2)^{1/2}. \quad (6)$$

As we are interested in weak and moderately strong lines lying in the flat portion of the curve of growth, single value of the damping constant is sufficient for the whole atmosphere and all lines. It can be estimated by comparison with the known atmosphere of close spectral and luminosity classes.

The quantity Y is given by the relation

$$Y(x) = Mc \int_{-\infty}^x Z(y) dy / (\zeta_T^2 + \zeta_{\text{turb}}^2)^{1/2}. \quad (7)$$

The change of the most probable velocity, shifts the curve of growth to the new coordinates in the plane $\log M - \log W_{\lambda}/\lambda$.

At first we put $\zeta_T = \zeta_{\text{Teff}} = \text{const}$ for whole atmosphere. When the curve of growth for certain value $\zeta_{\text{turb}1}$, was computed then, in order to obtain the new curve for the value $\zeta_{\text{turb}2}$, we must find the new coordinates of the point with the same saturation, i.e.,

$$Y_1 \equiv M_1/\zeta_{01} = M_2/\zeta_{02} \equiv Y_2, \text{ or}$$

$$M_2/M_1 = \zeta_{01}/\zeta_{02}. \quad (8)$$

As the curve of growth is drawn in the logarithmic coordinates, equation (8) we write

$$\log M_2 - \log M_1 = \log((\zeta_{\text{Teff}}^2 + \zeta_{\text{turb}2}^2)^{1/2}/(\zeta_{\text{Teff}}^2 + \zeta_{\text{turb}1}^2)^{1/2}),$$

or for $\zeta_{\text{turb}1} = 0$

$$\log M_2 - \log M_1 = \frac{1}{2} \log(1 + \zeta_{\text{turb}2}^2/\zeta_{\text{Teff}}^2). \quad (9)$$

This is the correction of the coordinates of the point of the theoretical curve of growth in respect of the change of the microturbulent velocity from $\zeta_{\text{turb}} = 0$ to $\zeta_{\text{turb}} \neq 0$.

The value of the microturbulent velocity in the atmosphere can be determined either in the coarse analysis or in the fine analysis by the manner described in the paper by Zverko (1974).

Abundance Determination

If the theoretical curve of growth for the atmospheric parameters observed was computed, the calculation of the abundance of the elements is very simple.

As the abscissa of the empirical curve of growth the quantity

$$\log C' = \log gf\lambda k + \theta_0 \Delta X \quad (10)$$

was used.

The abundance relative to the hydrogen from Eq. (2) is consequently $\log N_i/N_H = \log M - \log C'$.

The wavelength " λ " is expressed in angströms, $\log k = 3.84$, $\theta_0 = 5040/T_0$ corresponds to the region mostly contributing to the line formation. Next

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta X &= -\chi_{r-1} - \chi_{r+1,s} && \text{for } r-1, s \\ &= -\chi_{r,s} && r, s \\ &= -\chi_{r+1,s} - \chi_r && r+1, s, \end{aligned}$$

$r-1, r, r+1$ are three most important stages of the ionization, χ_r and $\chi_{r,s}$ are the ionization and the excitation potentials of the line respectively.

The curves were computed for certain values of the wavelength " λ_0 " and the excitation potential "E.P.". To the same theoretical curve can be applied more of real spectral lines occurring in the certain intervals of λ and χ . The correction for the difference in the wavelengths can be estimated by the comparison of single curves and it amounts to ≈ 0.05 per 100 Å at $\log N_i/N_H$.

Tables

The theoretical curves of growth were computed for three model atmospheres. In accordance with the line identification list for 53 Aur. we selected the values of the wavelengths " λ_0 " and the excitation potentials. Therefore this values do not correspond to the real spectral line in each case, but they represents the averages for whole group of the lines (sometimes for the multiplet).

Models are following:

Model I $T_{\text{eff}} = 10\,080 \text{ K}$, $\log g = 4.0$

Model II $T_{\text{eff}} = 10\,000 \text{ K}$, $\log g = 4.0$

Model III $T_{\text{eff}} = 10\,000 \text{ K}$, $\log g = 4.0$, $10\times$ metals

The first model is from the paper by Mihalas (1966), the second and third ones are from the paper by Carbon and Gingerich (1969). These models were chosen on the basis of the atmospheric parameters determined for 53 Aur. in the paper by Zverko (1975). The integration was carried from the optical depth $\tau_{\text{std}} = 10$ to $\tau_{\text{std}} = 0.001$ (τ_{std} means the optical depth at the standard wavelength of the model).

As the most important ionisation stages were taken the neutral ($r - 1$), once (r) and twice ($r + 1$) ionized atoms. Next we put

$\theta_0 = 0.5$ for all models,

$\zeta_{\text{curb}} = 0 \text{ km s}^{-1}$ and $\zeta_0 = \zeta_{\text{Teff}} = \text{const}$,

$a = 0.03$ - estimated for a star on the main sequence according to Vega and Hunger (1955).

As the sources of the opacity were taken

Neutral hydrogen	$k\nu(\text{H})$
Negative hydrogen ion	$k\nu(\text{H})$
Neutral helium	$k\nu(\text{He})$
H_2^+	$k\nu(\text{H}_2^+)$
Thompson scattering	δe
Rayleigh scattering	δ_R

The value $(W_\lambda/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$, which is determinant for the computed part of the curve of growth, was taken that maximum value in the group.

The Table 1 lists the theoretical curves of growth. Each curve was computed for three models. First column contains the ion, the wavelength " λ_0 " and the excitation potential "E.P." [eV], in the first, second and third line respectively. The next couples of the columns give the coordinates of the theoretical curves in the plane $\log M - \log W_\lambda/\lambda$. The number written at the same line as the designation of the ion means the ordinate of the point on the unsaturated curve (the straight line with the slope 45°) viz. for the abscissa corresponding to M_* . (For example, for

the curve Mg I λ 3835 and the Model I, this abscissa is $\log M = 4.162$). In the seventh line of the group of the data of each curve is given the quantity $\log L^*$ defined by Eq.(4).

Acknowledgements

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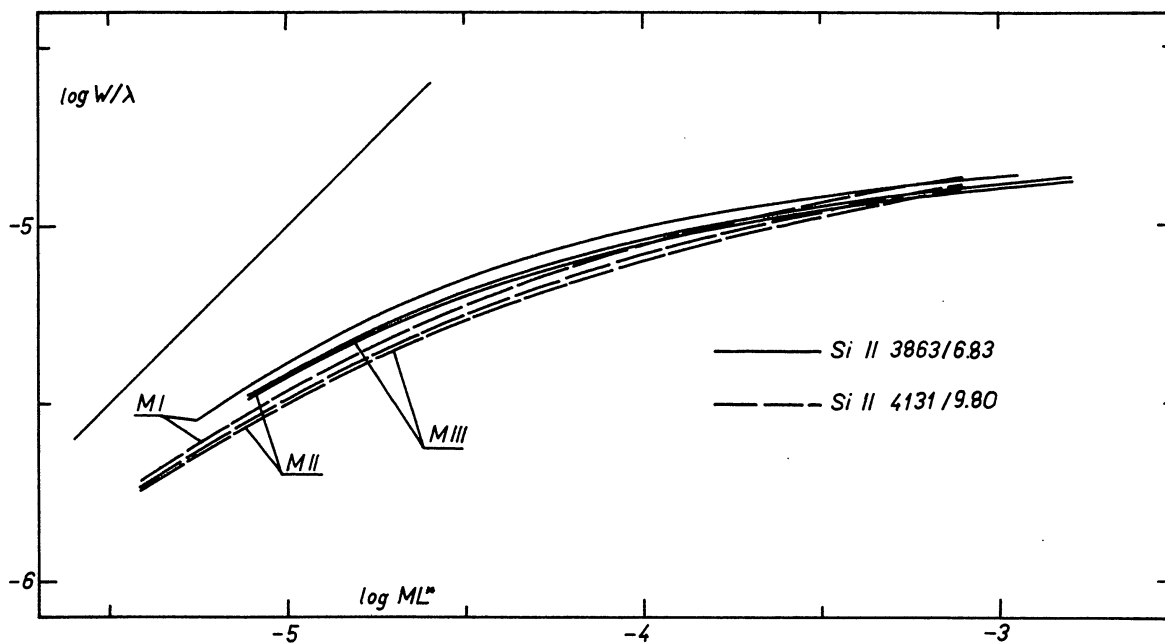


Fig. 1. The theoretical curves of growth of two lines of Si II for each of three models. The straight line with the slope 45° belongs to the unsaturated curve of growth.

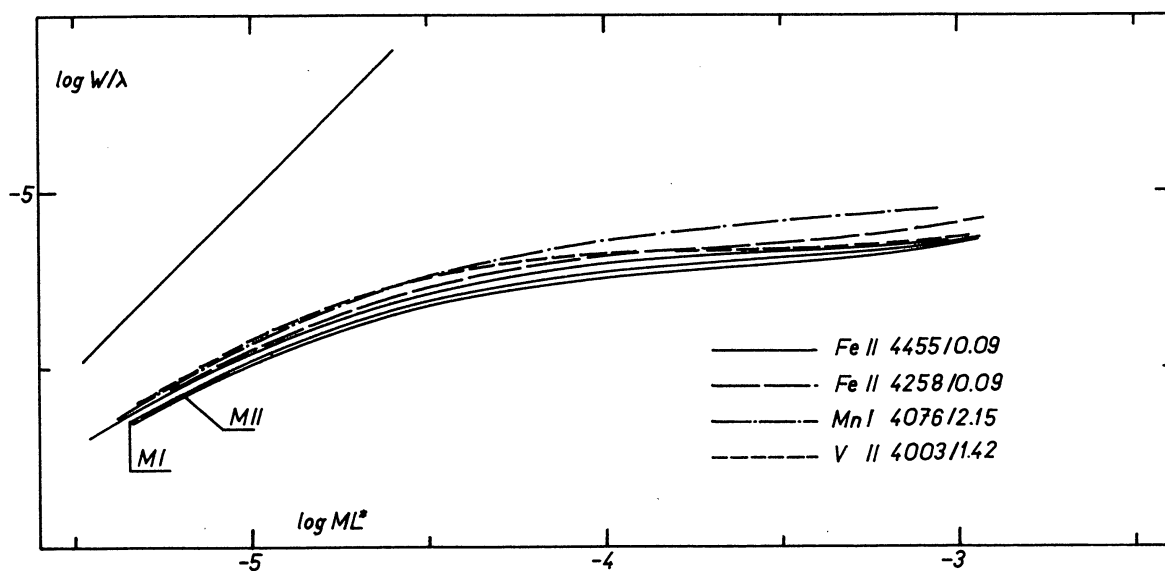


Fig. 2. The curves of growth for several of heavier elements. The unlabelled curves belong to the Model I, the straight line belongs to the unsaturated curve.

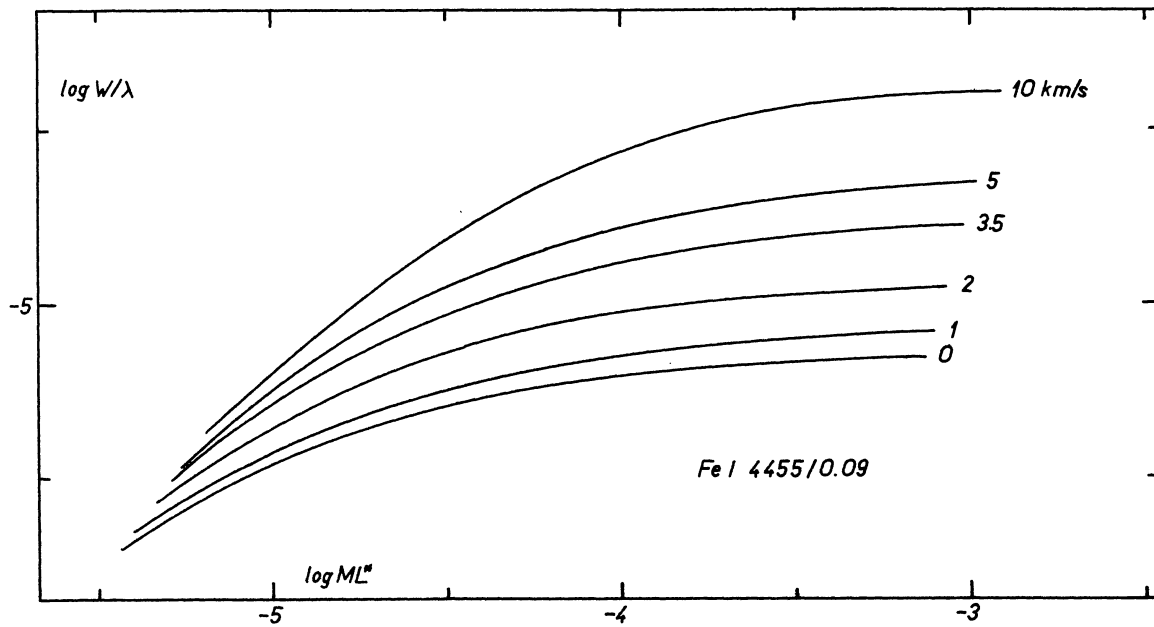


Fig. 3. The theoretical curves of growth of Fe I 4455/0.09 for several values of the velocity of the microturbulence. The curve for 3.5 km s^{-1} was used in the analysis of 53 Aur. The curves are derived from that one of Model I.

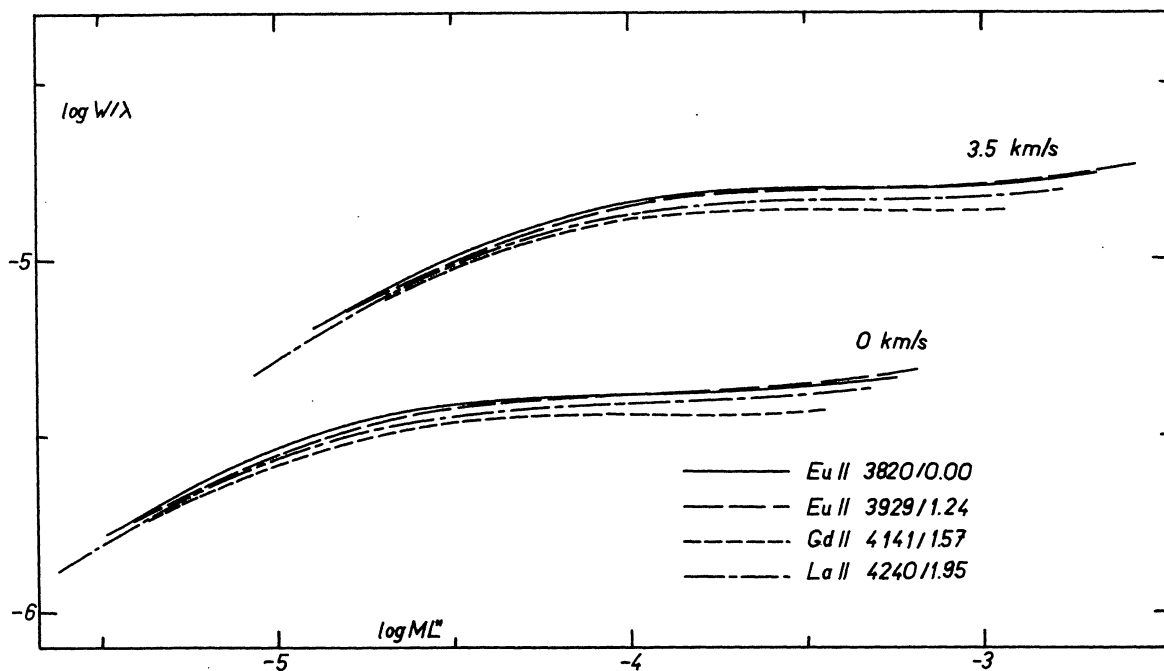


Fig. 4. The theoretical curve of growth of some rare earths, Model I. The correction in respect of the microturbulence is shown.

ŠTÚDIUM SPEKTRA METÓDOU JEMNEJ ANALÝZY

J. ZVERKO

*Astronomický ústav Slovenskej akadémie vied,
Skalnaté Pleso, Československo*

Súhrn

Komplexné riešenie problému Ap-hviezd kladie požiadavky na získanie čo najväčšieho množstva poznatkov o ich vlastnostiach. Jednou z možností je kvantitatívna spektrálna analýza. V našej práci sme za základ zvolili metódu saturačných a váhových funkcií, kde sa teoretické spektrum porovnáva s pozorovaným pomocou kriviek rastu. Pretože okrem efektívnej teploty a hodnoty gravitačného zrýchlenia na povrchu, reálnu hviezdnu atmosféru charakterizuje aj ďalší parameter – rýchlosť mikroturbulencie, možno jedno teoretické spektrum porovnávať prakticky len s jednou reálnou atmosférou. Aby jeden rad teoretických výsledkov nemal takto obmedzené použitie, modifikovala sa metóda v tom zmysle, že hodnota mikroturbulencie sa ponechala ako voľný parameter a bola odvodená korekcia pre prechod na rozličné hodnoty rýchlosti mikroturbulencie. Korekciu súradnice teoretickej krivky rastu udáva vzťah:

$$\log M_2 - \log M_1 = \log \left((\zeta_{\text{Teff}}^2 + \zeta_{\text{turb}2}^2)^{1/2} / (\zeta_{\text{Teff}}^2 + \zeta_{\text{turb}1}^2)^{1/2} \right),$$

pri prechode od rýchlosti mikroturbulencie $\zeta_{\text{turb}1}$ k $\zeta_{\text{turb}2}$.

V tabuľkách sú uvedené súradnice teoretických kriviek rastu pre všetky tri vybrané modely hviezdnych atmosfér a hodnota rýchlosti mikroturbulencie $\zeta_{\text{turb}1} = 0$. Modely odpovedajú atmosfére hviezdy spektrálneho typu A0 na hlavnej postupnosti. Pri použití tabuliek treba urobiť najprv korekciu na pozorovanú rýchlosť mikroturbulencie [z hrubej analýzy alebo spôsobom opísaným v práci Zverku (1974)], a to podľa vzťahu (9) (pre obe súradnice). Vzťahy uvedené v odstavci 4 dajú potom výsledné hodnoty.

МЕТОД ДЕТАЛЬНОГО АНАЛИЗА ИЗУЧЕНИЯ СПЕКТРОВ ЗВЕЗД

Й. ЗВЕРКО

*Астрономический институт Словацкой Академии Наук
Скалнате плесо, Чехословакия*

Резюме

Метод весовых функций и функций насыщения использован для изучения спектров пекулярных звезд. Чтобы было можно использовать одну серию теоретических результатов для большого числа звездных атмосфер, мы решили считать скорость микротурбулентных движений свободным параметром и дедуцировали поправку на изменение микротурбулентных скоростей. Поправка координат теоретических кривых роста на изменение микротурбулентных скоростей дана уравнением

$$\log M_2 - \log M_1 = \log \left[(\zeta_{\text{Tэф}}^2 + \zeta_{\text{турб}2}^2)^{1/2} / (\zeta_{\text{Tэф}}^2 + \zeta_{\text{турб}1}^2)^{1/2} \right]$$

после перехода с одной величины $\zeta_{\text{турб}1}$ к $\zeta_{\text{турб}2}$.

В таблице приведены координаты теоретических кривых роста, вычисленных для $\zeta_{\text{турб}1} = 0$. Атмосферные модели соответствуют звездной атмосфере спектрального класса A0 звезды а главной последовательности.

Table 1. Theoretical curves of growth

ION λ_0 E. P.	MODEL I $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL II $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL III $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$	
	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$
	$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$	
Mg I 3835 2.70	-4.438 4.722 4.860 4.931 5.080 5.203 8.600	6.162 5.463 4.861 4.162 3.861	-4.186 4.662 4.486 4.917 5.037 5.125 8.879	6.693 5.994 5.392 4.693 4.392	-4.186 4.678 4.860 4.936 5.053 5.139 9.023	6.837 6.138 5.536 4.837 4.536
Mg II 4434 9.96	-4.931 4.856 4.970 5.114 5.388 5.563 2.322	-0.609 -1.308 -1.910 -2.609 -2.910	-4.772 4.860 4.973 5.100 5.335 5.489 2.318	-0.454 -1.153 -1.755 -2.454 -2.755	-4.772 4.873 4.986 5.113 5.348 5.494 2.327	-0.445 -1.144 -1.746 -2.445 -2.746
Al I 3944 0.00	-5.254 4.918 4.991 5.142 5.506 5.750 8.223	4.969 4.270 3.668 2.969 2.668	-5.254 4.935 5.013 5.161 5.514 5.752 8.514	5.260 4.561 3.959 3.260 2.959	-5.254 4.951 5.031 5.177 5.521 5.755 8.656	5.402 4.703 4.101 3.402 3.101
Si II 3863 6.83	-4.954 4.860 4.945 5.075 5.361 5.548 2.324	-0.630 -1.329 -1.931 -2.630 -2.931	-4.809 4.863 4.947 5.068 5.318 5.477 2.327	-0.482 -1.181 -1.783 -2.482 -2.783	-4.809 4.876 4.961 5.082 5.326 5.487 2.337	-0.472 -1.171 -1.773 -2.472 -2.773
Si II 4131 9.80	-5.111 4.864 5.007 5.189 5.522 5.714 2.542	-0.596 -1.295 -1.897 -2.596 -2.897	-5.111 4.883 5.031 5.215 5.543 5.731 2.471	-0.640 -1.339 -1.941 -2.640 -2.731	-5.111 4.903 5.056 5.230 5.555 5.738 2.455	-0.656 -1.355 -1.957 -2.656 -2.597
Ca I 4227 0.00	-5.371 5.026 5.108 5.266 5.626 5.871 9.186	5.815 5.116 4.514 3.815 3.514	-5.325 5.026 5.120 5.260 5.597 5.831 9.631	6.306 5.607 5.005 4.306 4.005	-5.325 5.039 5.135 5.274 5.603 5.832 9.865	6.540 5.841 5.239 4.540 4.239
Sc I 3912 0.01	-5.314 5.018 5.092 5.232 5.577 5.818 9.490	6.477 5.778 5.176 4.477 4.176	-5.292 5.026 5.102 5.244 5.568 5.800 10.179	6.887 6.188 5.586 4.887 4.586	-5.291 5.039 5.117 5.257 5.574 5.801 10.384	7.093 6.394 5.792 5.093 4.792

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_0 E.P.	MODEL I		MODEL II		MODEL III	
	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $\log M$ $-\log L^*$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $\log M$ $-\log L^*$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $\log M$ $-\log L^*$
Sc I 4165 1.98		-5.716 5.070 6.382 5.196 5.683 5.417 5.081 5.907 4.382 6.180 4.081 10.098		-5.620 5.080 6.827 5.193 6.128 5.391 5.526 5.827 4.827 6.090 4.526 10.447		-5.620 5.095 7.014 5.209 6.315 5.401 5.713 5.830 5.014 6.091 4.713 10.634
Sc II 4014 0.31		-5.458 5.165 -0.675 5.165 -1.374 5.304 -1.976 5.693 -2.675 5.947 -2.976 2.783		-5.303 5.178 -0.269 5.168 -0.968 5.270 -1.570 5.583 -2.269 5.814 -2.570 3.034		-5.303 5.188 -0.137 5.184 -0.836 5.284 -1.438 5.590 -2.137 5.816 -2.438 3.166
Sc II 4246 0.31		-5.181 5.180 -0.315 5.188 -1.014 5.247 -1.616 5.515 -2.315 5.722 -2.616 2.866		-5.026 5.161 +0.094 5.210 -0.605 5.231 -1.207 5.449 -1.906 5.613 -2.207 3.120		-5.026 5.166 +0.228 5.215 -0.471 5.245 -1.073 5.458 -1.772 5.618 -2.073 3.254
Sc II 4408 0.60		-5.246 5.203 -0.289 5.211 -0.988 5.281 -1.590 5.562 -2.289 5.777 -2.590 2.957		-5.246 5.215 -0.039 5.221 -0.738 5.293 -1.340 5.572 -2.039 5.780 -2.340 3.207		-5.246 5.222 +0.094 5.235 -0.605 5.305 -1.207 5.577 -1.906 5.781 -2.207 3.340
Ti I 4293 0.82		-5.754 5.092 6.962 5.155 6.263 5.291 5.661 5.626 4.962 5.862 4.661 10.716		-5.354 5.107 7.295 5.176 6.596 5.306 5.994 5.636 5.295 5.865 4.994 10.649		-5.354 5.120 7.470 5.192 6.771 5.318 6.169 5.640 5.470 5.865 5.169 10.824
Ti I 4055 1.04		-5.462 5.056 6.788 5.136 6.089 5.305 5.487 5.697 4.788 5.950 4.487 10.240		-5.462 5.071 7.115 5.157 6.416 5.327 5.814 5.701 5.115 5.949 4.814 10.577		-5.462 5.090 7.284 5.180 6.585 5.337 5.983 5.705 5.284 5.951 4.983 10.746
Ti I 4469 1.45		-5.288 5.093 7.155 5.158 6.456 5.290 5.854 5.593 5.155 5.812 4.854 10.443		-5.288 5.109 7.479 5.178 6.780 5.302 6.178 5.603 5.479 5.814 5.178 10.765		-5.288 5.123 7.647 5.194 6.948 5.317 6.346 5.610 5.647 5.827 5.346 10.935

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_0 E.P.	MODEL I $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL II $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL III $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$	
	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$
Ti I 4417 1.88	-5.089 5.067 5.137 5.231 5.485 5.660 10.466	7.377 6.678 6.076 5.377 5.076	-5.089 5.076 5.155 5.250 5.497 5.667 10.781	7.692 6.993 6.391 5.692 5.391	-5.089 5.088 5.170 5.265 5.505 5.674 10.944	7.855 7.156 6.554 5.855 5.554
Ti I 3911 2.03	-5.478 5.026 5.120 5.298 5.705 5.961 10.292	6.814 6.115 5.513 4.814 4.513	-5.478 5.044 5.147 5.320 5.709 5.960 10.596	7.118 6.419 5.817 5.118 4.817	-5.478 5.063 5.165 5.330 5.713 5.961 10.755	7.277 6.578 5.976 5.277 4.976
Ti I 4059 2.30	-5.654 5.062 5.180 5.387 5.853 6.122 10.378	6.724 6.025 5.423 4.724 4.423	-5.654 5.084 5.201 5.406 5.856 6.121 10.678	7.024 6.325 5.723 5.024 4.723	-5.654 5.100 5.217 5.417 5.858 6.121 10.835	7.181 6.482 5.880 5.181 4.880
Ti I 4372 2.48	-5.599 5.101 5.202 5.392 5.816 6.086 10.513	6.914 6.215 5.613 4.914 4.613	-5.599 5.115 5.222 5.405 5.818 6.075 10.814	7.215 6.516 5.914 5.215 4.914	-5.599 5.130 5.238 5.415 5.821 6.076 10.971	7.372 6.673 6.071 5.372 5.071
Ti II 4056 0.60	-5.705 5.180 5.220 5.420 5.903 6.175 3.149	-0.556 -1.255 -1.857 -2.556 -2.857	-5.705 5.198 5.238 5.435 5.903 6.172 3.350	-0.355 -1.054 -1.656 -2.355 -2.656	-5.705 5.212 5.251 5.443 5.902 6.170 3.451	-0.254 -0.953 -1.555 -2.254 -2.555
Ti II 4190 1.08	-5.581 5.202 5.211 5.374 5.798 6.059 3.154	-0.327 -1.026 -1.628 -2.327 -2.628	-5.581 5.222 5.233 5.393 5.802 6.060 3.433	-0.138 -0.837 -1.439 -2.138 -2.439	-5.581 5.235 5.247 5.401 5.803 6.059 3.540	-0.041 -0.740 -1.342 -2.041 -2.342
Ti II 4418 1.23	-5.265 5.210 5.215 5.291 5.579 5.794 3.350	+0.085 -0.614 -1.216 -1.915 -2.216	-5.265 5.230 5.238 5.314 5.590 5.797 3.541	+0.276 -0.423 -1.025 -1.724 -2.025	-5.265 5.240 5.252 5.327 5.595 5.799 3.637	+0.372 -0.327 -0.929 -1.628 -1.929
Ti II 4054 1.88	-5.266 5.159 5.154 5.254 5.559 5.783 3.284	+0.018 -0.681 -1.283 -1.982 -2.283	-5.266 5.177 5.179 5.271 5.571 5.788 3.454	+0.188 -0.511 -1.113 -1.812 -2.113	-5.266 5.188 5.192 5.284 5.578 5.789 3.543	+0.277 -0.422 -1.024 -1.723 -2.024

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_0 E.P.	MODEL I		MODEL II		MODEL III	
	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$ $-\log L^*$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$ $-\log L^*$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$ $-\log L^*$
Ti II 4420 2.59	-5.367 5.199 +0.124 5.202 -0.575 5.318 -1.177 5.645 -1.876 5.876 -2.177 3.491		-5.367 5.217 +0.286 5.225 -0.413 5.336 -1.015 5.653 -1.714 5.879 -2.015 3.653		-5.367 5.229 +0.368 5.239 -0.331 5.346 -0.933 5.660 -1.632 5.880 -1.933 3.735	
V I 4571 0.00	-5.546 5.151 6.682 5.229 5.983 5.394 5.381 5.783 4.682 6.036 4.381 10.228		-5.546 5.169 7.021 5.246 6.322 5.404 5.720 5.784 5.021 6.034 4.720 10.567		-5.546 5.185 7.190 5.263 6.491 5.417 5.889 5.789 5.190 6.035 4.889 10.736	
V I 4423 0.27	-5.044 5.086 7.160 5.154 6.461 5.227 5.859 5.468 5.160 5.633 4.859 10.204		-5.044 5.103 7.489 5.165 6.790 5.253 6.188 5.480 5.489 5.642 5.188 10.533		-5.044 5.110 7.654 5.182 6.955 5.269 6.353 5.491 5.654 5.649 5.353 10.708	
V I 4119 1.07	-4.782 4.981 7.388 5.084 6.689 5.156 6.087 5.334 5.388 5.468 5.087 10.170		-4.615 4.941 7.860 5.097 7.161 5.155 6.559 5.294 5.860 5.409 5.559 10.475		-4.615 4.954 8.017 5.111 7.318 5.171 6.716 5.308 6.017 5.419 5.716 10.632	
V II 4003 1.42	-5.023 5.130 +0.079 5.171 -0.620 5.208 -1.222 5.433 -1.921 5.604 -2.222 3.102		-5.023 5.143 +0.241 5.193 -0.458 5.234 -1.060 5.449 -1.759 5.613 -2.060 3.264		-5.023 5.159 +0.318 5.209 -0.381 5.246 -0.983 5.460 -1.682 5.620 -1.983 3.341	
V II 3870 1.68	-5.208 5.135 -0.131 5.145 -0.830 5.225 -1.432 5.519 -2.131 5.734 -2.432 3.077		-5.208 5.159 +0.022 5.172 -0.677 5.253 -1.279 5.533 -1.978 5.740 -2.279 3.230		-5.208 5.169 +0.098 5.186 -0.601 5.266 -1.203 5.541 -1.902 5.742 -2.203 3.306	
V II 4565 2.26	-5.279 5.225 +0.117 5.238 -0.582 5.320 -1.184 5.602 -1.883 5.811 -2.184 3.396		-5.279 5.243 +0.268 5.257 -0.431 5.339 -1.033 5.615 -1.732 5.816 -2.033 3.547		-5.279 5.256 +0.339 5.273 -0.360 5.350 -0.962 5.623 -1.661 5.820 -1.962 3.618	

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_0 E.P.	MODEL I $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL II $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL III $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$	
	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$
	$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$	
V II 4235 3.74	-5.481 5.167 -0.068 5.198 -0.767 5.348 -1.369 5.725 -2.068 5.971 -2.369 3.413	-5.481 5.188 +0.049 5.220 -0.650 5.365 -1.252 5.731 -1.951 5.972 -2.252 3.531	-5.481 5.198 +0.113 5.229 -0.586 5.370 -1.188 5.728 -1.887 5.965 -2.188 3.594			
V II 4301 4.00	-5.679 5.163 -0.218 5.237 -0.918 5.433 -1.519 5.883 -2.218 6.147 -2.519 3.459	-5.679 5.187 -0.105 5.258 -0.804 5.448 -1.406 5.886 -2.105 6.146 -2.406 3.574	-5.679 5.202 -0.050 5.274 -0.749 5.457 -1.351 5.887 -2.050 6.145 -2.351 3.629			
Cr I 4275 0.00	-5.112 5.092 6.237 5.141 5.538 5.237 4.936 5.494 4.237 5.676 3.396 9.349	-5.112 5.108 6.563 5.160 5.864 5.256 5.262 5.506 4.563 5.682 4.262 9.675	-5.112 5.119 6.728 5.175 6.029 5.270 5.427 5.515 4.728 5.687 4.427 9.840			
Cr I 4026 2.52	-5.128 5.015 6.379 5.095 5.680 5.211 5.078 5.486 4.379 5.677 4.078 9.507	-5.128 5.034 6.644 5.118 5.945 5.234 5.343 5.501 4.644 5.685 4.343 9.772	-5.128 5.048 6.782 5.135 6.083 5.248 5.481 5.509 4.782 5.689 4.481 9.910			
Cr I 4531 2.53	-5.065 5.079 6.630 5.156 5.931 5.249 5.329 5.490 4.630 5.655 4.329 9.695	-5.065 5.091 6.903 5.177 6.204 5.271 5.602 5.504 4.903 5.666 4.602 9.968	-5.065 5.118 7.041 5.193 6.342 5.287 5.740 5.514 5.041 5.676 4.740 10.106			
Cr I 4239 3.00	-5.305 5.067 6.329 5.151 5.630 5.281 5.028 5.602 4.329 5.823 4.028 9.634	-5.305 5.076 6.589 5.166 5.890 5.307 5.288 5.611 4.589 5.826 4.288 9.894	-5.305 5.091 6.721 5.181 6.022 5.322 5.420 5.621 4.721 5.828 4.420 10.026			
Cr I 4185 3.07	-5.667 5.099 5.951 5.207 5.252 5.418 4.650 5.872 3.951 6.138 3.650 9.618	-5.667 5.117 6.211 5.232 5.512 5.431 4.910 5.872 4.211 6.134 3.910 9.878	-5.667 5.124 6.351 5.240 5.652 5.438 5.050 5.867 4.351 6.126 4.050 10.016			

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_0 E.P.	MODEL I		MODEL II		MODEL III	
	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$ $-\log L^*$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$ $-\log L^*$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$ $-\log L^*$
Cr I 4492 3.36	-5.652 5.127 5.241 5.435 5.867 6.128 9.759	6.107 5.408 4.806 4.107 3.806	-5.652 5.143 5.260 5.450 5.868 6.125 10.017	6.365 5.666 5.064 4.365 4.064	-5.652 5.160 5.276 5.460 5.871 6.126 10.146	6.494 5.795 5.193 4.494 4.193
Cr I 4001 3.87	-5.824 5.083 5.233 5.481 6.002 6.282 9.618	5.794 5.095 4.493 3.794 3.493	-5.824 5.113 5.254 5.499 6.002 6.276 9.857	6.033 5.334 4.732 4.033 3.732	-5.824 5.128 5.274 5.507 6.001 6.274 9.982	6.158 5.459 4.857 4.158 3.857
Cr I 4170 4.09	-5.341 5.050 5.147 5.288 5.623 5.851 9.702	6.361 5.662 5.060 4.361 4.060	-5.341 5.068 5.163 5.308 5.634 5.854 9.940	6.598 5.899 5.297 4.598 4.297	-5.341 5.077 5.180 5.330 5.643 5.857 10.060	6.719 6.020 5.418 4.719 4.418
Cr II 4082 3.09	-4.766 5.043 5.164 5.181 5.337 5.466 2.515	-0.251 -0.950 -1.552 -2.251 -2.552	-4.569 4.994 5.178 5.197 5.298 5.401 2.631	+0.061 -0.638 -1.240 -1.939 -2.240	-4.569 5.004 5.192 5.213 5.312 5.412 2.687	+0.118 -0.581 -1.183 -1.882 -2.183
Cr II 4086 3.70	-5.180 5.131 5.157 5.249 5.525 5.724 2.573	-0.607 -1.306 -1.908 -2.607 -2.908	-5.180 5.149 5.180 5.270 5.537 5.730 2.682	-0.498 -1.197 -1.799 -2.498 -2.799	-5.180 5.163 5.190 5.282 5.549 5.735 2.733	-0.447 -1.146 -1.748 -2.447 -2.748
Cr II 4555 4.05	-4.895 5.118 5.209 5.244 5.428 5.567 2.778	-0.117 -0.816 -1.418 -2.117 -2.418	-4.659 5.062 5.230 5.250 5.366 5.475 2.880	+0.221 -0.478 -1.080 -1.779 -2.080	-4.659 5.073 5.250 5.267 5.381 5.486 2.928	+0.269 -0.430 -1.032 -1.731 -2.032
Cr II 4225 5.31	-5.149 5.108 5.152 5.251 5.522 5.710 2.756	-0.393 -1.092 -1.694 -2.393 -2.694	-5.149 5.128 5.171 5.272 5.535 5.719 2.835	-0.314 -1.013 -1.615 -2.314 -2.615	-5.149 5.142 5.188 5.289 5.548 5.725 2.870	-0.279 -0.978 -1.580 -2.279 -2.580

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_0 E,P.	MODEL I		MODEL II		MODEL III	
	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $\log M$ $-\log L^*$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $\log M$ $-\log L^*$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $\log M$ $-\log L^*$
Cr II 4037 6.46		-5.208 5.052 -0.452 5.117 -1.151 5.249 -1.753 5.550 -2.452 5.750 -2.753 2.756		-5.208 5.078 -0.394 5.145 -1.093 5.269 -1.695 5.562 -2.394 5.754 -2.695 2.814		-5.208 5.096 -0.368 5.163 -1.067 5.285 -1.669 5.571 -2.368 5.761 -2.669 2.840
Mn I 4076 2.15		-5.079 5.050 6.293 5.112 5.594 5.215 4.992 5.468 4.293 5.647 3.992 9.372		-5.079 5.063 6.581 5.141 5.882 5.236 5.280 5.482 4.581 5.655 4.280 9.660		-5.079 5.077 6.724 5.158 6.025 5.252 5.423 5.497 4.724 5.663 4.423 9.803
Mn I 4477 2.90		-5.309 5.120 6.286 5.192 5.587 5.314 4.985 5.621 4.286 5.835 3.985 9.595		-5.309 5.134 6.562 5.212 5.863 5.333 5.261 5.631 4.562 5.839 4.261 9.871		-5.309 5.146 6.702 5.227 6.003 5.347 5.401 5.641 4.702 5.841 4.401 10.011
Mn I 4260 2.91		-5.214 5.074 6.301 5.149 5.602 5.268 5.000 5.553 4.301 5.755 4.000 9.515		-5.214 5.087 6.574 5.169 5.875 5.288 5.273 5.565 4.574 5.760 4.273 9.788		-5.214 5.104 6.713 5.184 6.014 5.303 5.412 5.577 4.713 5.774 4.412 9.929
Mn I 4458 3.06		-5.287 5.113 6.317 5.186 5.618 5.306 5.016 5.607 4.317 5.818 4.016 9.604		-5.287 5.126 6.589 5.207 5.890 5.326 5.288 5.621 4.589 5.822 4.288 9.877		-5.287 5.140 6.727 5.215 6.028 5.346 5.426 5.628 4.727 5.825 4.426 10.014
Mn II 4239 1.82		-5.305 5.210 -0.897 5.210 -1.596 5.307 -2.198 5.607 -2.897 5.827 -3.198 2.408		-5.305 5.228 -0.753 5.241 -1.452 5.328 -2.054 5.619 -2.753 5.832 -3.054 3.252		-5.305 5.242 -0.686 5.257 -1.385 5.339 -1.987 5.629 -2.686 5.835 -2.987 3.619
Mn II 4232 5.37		-5.371 5.131 -0.670 5.182 -1.369 5.328 -1.971 5.662 -2.670 5.884 -2.971 2.701		-5.371 5.147 -0.596 5.201 -1.295 5.342 -1.897 5.670 -2.596 5.885 -2.897 2.775		-5.371 5.163 -0.565 5.219 -1.264 5.357 -1.866 5.678 -2.565 5.890 -2.866 2.806

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_0 E.P.	MODEL I		MODEL II		MODEL III	
	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$
	$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$	
Fe I 4455 0.09	-5.158 5.153 5.194 5.279 5.536 5.720 9.959	6.801 6.102 5.500 4.801 4.500	-5.036 5.138 5.207 5.274 5.492 5.648 10.302	7.266 6.567 5.965 5.266 4.965	-5.036 5.143 5.221 5.289 5.502 5.654 10.473	7.437 6.738 6.136 5.437 5.136
Fe I 4258 0.09	-4.930 5.073 5.152 5.215 5.420 5.565 9.887	6.957 6.258 5.656 4.957 4.656	-4.754 5.035 5.162 5.214 5.366 5.488 10.226	7.472 6.773 6.171 5.472 5.171	-4.754 5.042 5.177 5.229 5.380 5.498 10.395	7.641 6.942 6.340 5.641 5.340
Fe I 4033 1.54	-4.560 4.927 5.087 5.131 5.270 5.371 9.950	7.390 6.691 6.089 5.390 5.089	-4.283 4.852 5.066 5.134 5.224 5.300 10.251	7.967 7.268 6.666 5.967 5.666	-4.283 4.869 5.078 5.150 5.241 5.316 10.400	8.117 7.418 6.816 6.117 5.816
Fe I 4277 2.60	-6.029 5.042 5.204 5.490 6.064 6.348 10.156	6.127 5.428 4.826 4.127 3.826	-6.029 5.196 5.354 5.631 6.193 6.476 10.442	6.413 5.714 5.112 4.413 4.112	-6.029 5.212 5.368 5.641 6.193 6.474 10.582	6.553 5.854 5.252 4.553 4.252
Fe I 4238 3.00	-5.928 5.150 5.301 5.559 6.102 6.382 10.180	6.252 5.553 4.951 4.252 3.951	-5.928 5.170 5.321 5.572 6.102 6.380 10.455	6.527 5.828 5.226 4.527 4.226	-5.928 5.186 5.332 5.581 6.102 6.378 10.591	6.663 5.964 5.362 4.663 4.362
Fe I 4518 3.26	-5.614 5.147 5.247 5.428 5.838 6.095 10.307	6.693 5.994 5.392 4.693 4.392	-5.614 5.164 5.267 5.444 5.841 6.094 10.581	6.967 6.268 5.666 4.967 4.666	-5.614 5.179 5.283 5.454 5.845 6.094 10.716	7.102 6.403 5.801 5.102 4.801
Fe I 4552 3.93	-5.658 5.149 5.260 5.449 5.875 6.135 10.380	6.722 6.023 5.421 4.722 4.421	-5.658 5.167 5.275 5.466 5.879 6.135 10.638	6.980 6.281 5.679 4.980 4.679	-5.658 5.182 5.290 5.476 5.882 6.134 10.767	7.109 6.410 5.808 5.109 4.808

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_0 E,P.	MODEL I $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL II $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL III $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$	
	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$
	$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$	
Fe II 3822 2.33	-5.327 5.138 -0.338 5.152 -1.037 5.270 -1.639 5.604 -2.338 5.835 -2.639 2.989	-5.327 5.156 -0.219 5.175 -0.918 5.291 -1.520 5.615 -2.219 5.839 -2.520 3.108	-5.327 5.170 -0.165 5.192 -0.864 5.306 -1.466 5.622 -2.165 5.842 -2.466 3.162			
Fe II 4481 2.82	-5.049 5.179 +0.238 5.238 -0.461 5.276 -1.063 5.493 -1.762 5.655 -2.063 3.287	-4.838 5.137 +0.561 5.266 -0.138 5.277 -0.740 5.433 -1.439 5.558 -1.740 3.399	-4.838 5.147 +0.613 5.280 -0.086 5.292 -0.688 5.447 -1.387 5.570 -1.688 3.451			
Fe II 4031 4.71	-5.327 5.117 -0.061 5.160 -0.760 5.301 -1.362 5.624 -2.061 5.844 -2.362 3.266	-5.327 5.134 +0.012 5.181 -0.687 5.310 -1.289 5.634 -1.988 5.847 -2.289 3.339	-5.327 5.152 +0.040 5.201 -0.659 5.034 -1.261 5.645 -1.960 5.854 -2.261 3.367			
Fe II 3900 5.92	-5.011 5.035 +0.267 5.101 -0.432 5.200 -1.034 5.449 -1.733 5.622 -2.034 3.278	-5.011 5.047 +0.314 5.120 -0.385 5.222 -0.987 5.470 -1.686 5.636 -1.987 3.335	-5.011 5.062 +0.333 5.138 -0.366 5.239 -0.968 5.482 -1.667 5.645 -1.968 3.344			
Fe II 4500 7.82	-5.238 5.090 +0.391 5.181 -0.308 5.327 -0.910 5.624 -1.609 5.813 -1.910 3.629	-5.238 5.116 +0.394 5.211 -0.305 5.353 -0.907 5.650 -1.606 5.835 -1.907 3.632	-5.238 5.124 +0.407 5.221 -0.292 5.362 -0.894 5.653 -1.593 5.834 -1.894 3.645			
Co I 3877 0.50	-4.762 4.983 6.919 5.095 6.220 5.152 5.618 5.326 4.919 5.456 4.618 9.681	-4.611 4.957 7.392 5.102 6.693 5.150 6.091 5.295 5.392 5.402 5.091 10.003	-4.611 4.967 7.552 5.116 6.853 5.169 6.251 5.310 5.552 5.413 5.251 10.163			
Co I 3998 0.98	-4.978 5.052 6.804 5.118 6.105 5.199 5.503 5.422 4.804 5.583 4.503 9.782	-4.757 5.000 7.336 5.125 6.637 5.189 6.035 5.352 5.336 5.478 5.035 10.073	-4.757 5.011 7.491 5.139 6.792 5.204 6.190 5.365 5.491 5.492 5.190 10.248			

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_0 E.P.	MODEL I $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL II $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL III $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$	
	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$
	$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$	
Co I 4002 1.98	-5.140 5.067 6.746 5.126 6.047 5.233 5.445 5.500 4.746 5.692 4.445 9.886	-5.140 5.083 7.037 5.146 6.338 5.254 5.736 5.517 5.037 5.699 4.736 10.177	-5.140 5.097 7.180 5.164 6.481 5.270 5.879 5.528 5.180 5.706 4.879 10.320			
Co I 4548 3.02	-4.950 5.080 7.237 5.171 6.538 5.253 5.936 5.456 5.237 5.598 4.936 10.187	-4.813 5.060 7.648 5.176 6.949 5.248 6.347 5.423 5.648 5.547 5.347 10.461	-4.813 5.071 7.783 5.191 7.084 5.264 6.482 5.437 5.783 5.558 5.482 10.596			
Co I 4448 3.05	-5.057 5.095 7.097 5.168 6.398 5.264 5.796 5.495 5.097 5.659 4.796 10.154	-5.057 5.106 7.370 5.187 6.671 5.285 6.069 5.510 5.370 5.669 5.069 10.427	-5.057 5.117 7.506 5.201 6.807 5.300 6.205 5.520 5.506 5.678 5.205 10.563			
Ga I 4033 0.10	-4.786 5.019 5.472 5.141 4.773 5.197 4.171 5.376 3.472 5.501 3.171 8.258	-4.606 4.980 5.940 5.137 5.241 5.198 4.639 5.339 3.940 5.438 3.639 8.546	-4.606 4.992 6.080 5.152 5.381 5.216 4.779 5.355 4.080 5.451 3.779 8.684			
Sr II 4078 0.00	-4.487 5.016 -0.166 5.243 -0.865 5.279 -1.467 5.335 -2.166 5.419 -2.467 2.321	-4.268 4.939 +0.415 5.196 -0.284 5.298 -0.886 5.322 -1.585 5.372 -1.886 2.683	-4.268 4.949 +0.600 5.205 -0.099 5.312 -0.701 5.338 -1.400 5.387 -1.701 2.868			
Y I 4236 0.07	-5.247 5.177 6.709 5.245 6.010 5.352 5.408 5.614 4.709 5.804 4.408 9.956	-5.247 5.180 7.161 5.256 6.462 5.369 5.860 5.623 5.161 5.807 4.860 10.408	-5.247 5.187 7.397 5.273 6.698 5.385 6.096 5.638 5.397 5.813 5.096 10.644			
Y I 4477 1.35	-5.421 5.210 6.763 5.289 6.064 5.418 5.462 5.725 4.763 5.945 4.462 10.184	-5.421 5.222 7.190 5.306 6.491 5.434 5.889 5.735 5.190 5.947 4.889 10.611	-5.421 5.234 7.416 5.323 6.717 5.448 6.115 5.742 5.416 5.949 5.115 10.837			

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_0 E,P.	MODEL I		MODEL II		MODEL III	
	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $\log M$
	$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$	
Y II 4310 0.18	-5.203 5.303 -0.308 5.334 -1.007 5.374 -1.609 5.599 -2.308 5.776 -2.609 2.895	-5.203 5.306 +0.013 5.349 -0.686 5.386 -1.288 5.613 -1.987 5.782 -2.288 3.226	-5.203 5.307 +0.182 5.362 -0.517 5.400 -1.119 5.622 -1.818 5.788 -2.119 3.385			
Y II 4125 0.41	-5.616 5.316 -0.759 5.317 -1.458 5.462 -2.060 5.853 -2.759 6.107 -3.060 2.857	-5.616 5.327 -0.445 5.335 -1.144 5.481 -1.746 5.856 -2.445 6.107 -2.746 3.171	-5.616 5.337 -0.280 5.349 -0.979 5.489 -1.581 5.858 -2.280 6.106 -2.581 3.336			
Y II 4375 0.41	-5.110 5.278 -0.165 5.344 -0.864 5.367 -1.466 5.564 -2.165 5.718 -2.466 2.945	-4.796 5.176 +0.463 5.359 -0.236 5.359 -0.838 5.469 -1.537 5.576 -1.838 3.259	-4.796 5.184 +0.628 5.370 -0.071 5.373 -0.673 5.479 -1.372 5.586 -1.673 3.424			
Zr I 4242 0.65	-5.850 5.251 6.207 5.354 5.508 5.569 4.906 6.047 4.207 6.317 3.906 10.057	-5.850 5.268 6.557 5.373 5.858 5.581 5.256 6.047 4.557 6.315 4.256 10.407	-5.850 5.283 6.739 5.389 6.040 5.591 5.438 6.049 4.739 6.315 4.438 10.589			
Zr II 4156 0.71	-5.415 5.327 -0.436 5.323 -1.135 5.412 -1.737 5.712 -2.436 5.936 -2.737 2.979	-5.415 5.339 -0.225 5.344 -0.924 5.425 -1.526 5.720 -2.225 5.937 -2.526 3.190	-5.415 5.351 -0.119 5.359 -0.818 5.439 -1.420 5.728 -2.119 5.940 -2.420 3.296			
Zr II 4317 0.71	-5.936 5.351 -0.897 5.405 -1.596 5.620 -2.198 6.126 -2.897 6.401 -3.198 3.039	-5.936 5.371 -0.685 5.428 -1.384 5.634 -1.986 6.126 -2.685 6.399 -2.986 3.251	-5.936 5.385 -0.577 5.441 -1.276 5.642 -1.878 6.126 -2.577 6.397 -2.878 3.359			
Zr II 4497 0.71	-5.574 5.393 -0.470 5.380 -1.169 5.488 -1.771 5.844 -2.470 6.077 -2.771 3.104	-5.574 5.408 -0.257 5.394 -0.956 5.505 -1.558 5.840 -2.257 6.078 -2.558 3.317	-5.574 5.419 -0.148 5.409 -0.847 5.517 -1.449 5.844 -2.148 6.078 -2.449 3.426			

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_{\odot} $E, P.$	MODEL I $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL II $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL III $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$	
	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$
	$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$	
Zr II 4443 1.48	-5.472 5.359 -0.306 5.356 -1.005 5.453 -1.607 5.761 -2.306 5.989 -2.607 3.166	-5.472 5.378 -0.109 5.381 -0.808 5.471 -1.410 5.770 -2.109 5.991 -2.410 3.363	-5.472 5.387 -0.007 5.396 -0.706 5.483 -1.308 5.776 -2.007 5.992 -2.308 3.465			
La II 4032 0.32	-4.952 5.262 -0.147 5.406 -0.846 5.395 -1.448 5.538 -2.147 5.659 -2.448 2.805	-4.952 5.266 +0.111 5.412 -0.588 5.413 -1.190 5.550 -1.889 5.674 -2.190 3.063	-4.952 5.274 +0.246 5.422 -0.453 5.426 -1.053 5.563 -1.754 5.684 -2.055 3.198			
La II 4220 0.36	-4.972 5.288 -0.093 5.436 -0.792 5.423 -1.394 5.563 -2.093 5.682 -2.394 2.889	-4.972 5.292 +0.168 5.441 -0.531 5.439 -1.133 5.574 -1.832 5.697 -2.133 3.140	-4.972 5.299 +0.303 5.450 -0.396 5.452 -0.998 5.586 -1.697 5.706 -1.998 3.275			
La II 3949 0.40	-4.943 5.245 -0.161 5.391 -0.860 5.388 -1.463 5.527 -2.161 5.649 -2.463 2.782	-4.943 5.254 +0.094 5.397 -0.605 5.400 -1.207 5.540 -1.906 5.660 -2.207 3.037	-4.943 5.261 +0.227 5.407 -0.472 5.414 -1.074 5.552 -1.773 5.674 -2.074 3.170			
La II 3855 0.77	-4.808 5.184 -0.024 5.364 -0.723 5.360 -1.325 5.473 -2.024 5.583 -2.325 2.784	-4.808 5.195 +0.221 5.369 -0.478 5.377 -1.080 5.486 -1.779 5.595 -2.080 3.029	-4.808 5.202 +0.350 5.385 -0.349 5.385 -0.951 5.500 -1.650 5.605 -1.951 3.158			
La II 4526 0.77	-5.002 5.323 +0.030 5.472 -0.669 5.460 -1.271 5.597 -1.970 5.718 -2.271 3.032	-5.002 5.327 +0.287 5.477 -0.412 5.476 -1.014 5.610 -1.713 5.732 -2.014 3.289	-5.002 5.334 +0.420 5.487 -0.279 5.489 -0.881 5.622 -1.580 5.741 -1.881 3.422			
La II 4240 1.95	-5.326 5.366 -0.264 5.404 -0.963 5.461 -1.565 5.705 -2.264 5.889 -2.565 3.062	-5.326 5.373 -0.030 5.409 -0.737 5.474 -1.339 5.719 -2.038 5.896 -2.339 3.288	-5.326 5.380 +0.080 5.421 -0.619 5.489 -1.221 5.728 -1.920 5.901 -2.221 3.406			

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_0 E.P.	MODEL I $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL II $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL III $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$	
	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$
	$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$	
Ce II 4081 0.00	-5.213 5.380 +0.199 5.436 -0.500 5.447 -1.102 5.646 -1.801 5.810 -2.102 3.412	-5.213 5.390 +0.376 5.459 -0.323 5.463 -0.925 5.664 -1.624 5.820 -1.925 3.589	-5.213 5.398 +0.457 5.473 -0.242 5.478 -0.844 5.674 -1.543 5.827 -1.844 3.670			
Ce II 4297 0.04	-4.980 5.316 +0.514 5.474 -0.185 5.457 -0.787 5.579 -1.486 5.699 -1.787 3.494	-4.980 5.330 +0.693 5.492 -0.006 5.479 -0.608 5.596 -1.307 5.712 -1.608 3.673	-4.980 5.338 +0.775 5.505 +0.076 5.494 -0.526 5.609 -1.225 5.723 -1.526 3.755			
Ce II 4471 0.22	-4.997 5.337 +0.578 5.495 -0.121 5.479 -0.723 5.600 -1.422 5.719 -1.723 3.575	-4.997 5.350 +0.755 5.513 +0.056 5.500 -0.546 5.616 -1.245 5.732 -1.546 3.752	-4.997 5.358 +0.836 5.527 +0.137 5.515 -0.465 5.627 -1.164 5.742 -1.465 3.833			
Ce II 4117 0.87	-5.109 5.336 +0.403 5.427 -0.296 5.430 -0.898 5.609 -1.597 5.752 -1.898 3.512	-5.109 5.346 +0.560 5.450 -0.139 5.447 -0.741 5.625 -1.440 5.764 -1.741 3.670	-5.109 5.355 +0.630 5.464 -0.069 5.462 -0.671 5.638 -1.370 5.774 -1.671 3.739			
Ce II 4411 0.87	-5.042 5.345 +0.579 5.475 -0.120 5.464 -0.722 5.610 -1.421 5.734 -1.722 3.621	-5.042 5.354 +0.740 5.493 +0.041 5.486 -0.561 5.625 -1.260 5.751 -1.561 3.782	-5.042 5.363 +0.812 5.507 +0.113 5.501 -0.489 5.639 -1.188 5.762 -1.489 3.854			
Ce II 3855 0.17	-4.741 5.178 +0.595 5.380 -0.104 5.383 -0.706 5.463 -1.405 5.563 -1.706 3.336	-4.741 5.193 +0.763 5.396 +0.064 5.407 -0.538 5.485 -1.237 5.579 -1.538 3.504	-4.741 5.203 +0.840 5.409 +0.141 5.424 -0.461 5.500 -1.160 5.593 -1.461 3.581			
Ce II 4080 0.46	-4.766 5.208 +0.689 5.412 -0.010 5.415 -0.612 5.494 -1.311 5.592 -1.612 3.455	-4.766 5.223 +0.854 5.428 +0.155 5.440 -0.447 5.515 -1.146 5.609 -1.447 3.620	-4.766 5.236 +0.928 5.440 +0.229 5.456 -0.373 5.531 -1.072 5.623 -1.373 3.694			

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_0 E.P.	MODEL I		MODEL II		MODEL III	
	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $\log M$ $-\log L^*$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $\log M$ $-\log L^*$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$ $\log M$ $-\log L^*$
Ce II 4370 0.70		-4.987 5.319 +0.601 5.470 -0.098 5.453 -0.700 5.583 -1.399 5.705 -1.700 3.588		-4.987 5.333 +0.766 5.448 +0.067 5.481 -0.535 5.605 -1.234 5.722 -1.535 3.753		-4.987 5.335 +0.842 5.499 +0.143 5.494 -0.459 5.617 -1.158 5.731 -1.459 3.829
Ce II 4180 0.72		-4.968 5.294 +0.552 5.441 -0.147 5.427 -0.749 5.562 -1.448 5.683 -1.749 3.520		-4.968 5.307 +0.713 5.459 +0.014 5.449 -0.588 5.578 -1.287 5.751 -1.588 3.681		-4.968 5.315 +0.788 5.470 +0.089 5.463 -0.513 5.590 -1.212 5.710 -1.513 3.756
Pr II 4330 0.20		-5.034 5.339 +0.160 5.471 -0.539 5.461 -1.141 5.598 -1.840 5.726 -2.141 3.194		-5.034 5.351 +0.348 5.491 -0.351 5.476 -0.953 5.614 -1.652 5.738 -1.953 3.381		-5.034 5.357 +0.438 5.502 -0.261 5.489 -0.863 5.622 -1.562 5.745 -1.863 3.472
Pr II 3930 0.50		-4.941 5.261 +0.132 5.413 -0.567 5.397 -1.169 5.529 -1.868 5.651 -2.169 3.073		-4.941 5.273 +0.306 5.429 -0.393 5.414 -0.995 5.548 -1.694 5.668 -1.995 3.247		-4.941 5.281 +0.391 5.440 -0.308 5.427 -0.910 5.560 -1.609 5.677 -1.910 3.332
Eu II 3820 0.00		-5.184 5.327 +0.739 5.380 -1.438 5.404 -2.040 5.618 -2.739 5.780 -3.040 2.445		-5.184 5.327 -0.463 5.382 -1.162 5.421 -1.764 5.634 -2.463 5.788 -2.764 2.721		-5.184 5.334 -0.319 5.402 -1.018 5.436 -1.620 5.644 -2.319 5.795 -2.620 2.685
Eu II 3907 0.00		-5.115 5.318 -0.634 5.405 -1.333 5.406 -1.935 5.595 -2.634 5.743 -2.935 2.481		-5.115 5.320 -0.358 5.407 -1.057 5.425 -1.659 5.612 -2.358 5.752 -2.659 2.757		-5.115 5.324 -0.212 5.416 -0.911 5.437 -1.513 5.621 -2.212 5.760 -2.513 2.903
Eu II 4165 0.00		-4.444 5.082 +0.130 5.342 -0.569 5.445 -1.171 5.450 -1.870 5.506 -2.171 2.574		-4.444 5.099 +0.408 5.366 -0.291 5.465 -0.893 5.469 -1.592 5.525 -1.893 2.852		-4.444 5.108 +0.554 5.372 -0.145 5.475 -0.747 5.483 -1.446 5.538 -1.747 2.998

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_0 E.P.	MODEL I $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL II $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$		MODEL III $\log (W/\lambda)_{\text{obs}}$	
	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M^{\dagger}$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$
	$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$		$-\log L^*$	
Eu II 3930 0.21	-4.339 5.024 +0.166 5.303 -0.533 5.410 -1.135 5.409 -1.834 5.458 -2.135 2.505	-4.339 5.035 +0.438 5.300 -0.261 5.415 -0.863 5.427 -1.562 5.476 -1.863 2.777	-4.339 5.046 +0.579 5.308 -0.120 5.426 -0.722 5.442 -1.421 5.492 -1.722 2.918			
Eu II 4435 0.21	-5.170 5.387 -0.472 5.475 -1.171 5.479 -1.773 5.665 -2.472 5.806 -2.773 2.698	-5.170 5.391 -0.191 5.490 -0.890 5.495 -1.492 5.676 -2.191 5.816 -2.492 2.979	-5.170 5.395 -0.044 5.499 -0.743 5.507 -1.345 5.683 -2.044 5.821 -2.345 3.126			
Eu II 4522 0.21	-4.257 5.048 +0.462 5.323 -0.237 5.489 -0.839 5.486 -1.538 5.515 -1.839 2.719	-4.257 5.060 +0.743 5.333 +0.044 5.493 -0.558 5.502 -1.257 5.531 -1.558 3.000	-4.257 5.071 +0.887 5.340 +0.188 5.510 -0.414 5.516 -1.113 5.546 -1.414 3.144			
Eu II 3929 1.24	-5.117 5.301 -0.492 5.380 -1.191 5.403 -1.793 5.600 -2.492 5.745 -2.793 2.625	-5.117 5.306 -0.243 5.384 -0.942 5.422 -1.544 5.612 -2.243 5.757 -2.544 2.874	-5.117 5.313 -0.112 5.406 -0.811 5.437 -1.413 5.623 -2.112 5.765 -2.413 3.005			
Gd II 3834 0.05	-4.680 5.167 +0.265 5.398 -0.434 5.412 -1.036 5.463 -1.735 5.552 -2.036 2.945	-4.680 5.177 +0.448 5.411 -0.251 5.433 -0.853 5.484 -1.552 5.569 -1.853 3.128	-4.680 5.189 +0.536 5.421 -0.163 5.447 -0.765 5.499 -1.464 5.580 -1.765 3.226			
Gd II 4170 0.45	-4.278 5.034 +0.836 5.318 +0.137 5.471 -0.465 5.466 -1.164 5.491 -1.465 3.114	-4.278 5.051 +1.014 5.332 +0.315 5.492 -0.287 5.489 -0.986 5.513 -1.287 3.292	-4.278 5.063 +1.100 5.342 +0.401 5.504 -0.201 5.505 -0.900 5.528 -1.201 3.378			
Gd II 4490 1.33	-4.522 5.152 +0.800 5.427 +0.101 5.509 -0.501 5.513 -1.200 5.571 -1.501 3.322	-4.522 5.167 +0.963 5.441 +0.264 5.529 -0.338 5.536 -1.037 5.587 -1.338 3.485	-4.522 5.178 +1.040 5.450 +0.341 5.542 -0.261 5.551 -0.960 5.602 -1.261 3.562			

Table 1 – continued

ION λ_0 E.P.	MODEL I		MODEL II		MODEL III	
	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$	$-\log W/\lambda$	$\log M$
Gd II	-5.073		-5.073		-5.073	
4141	5.330	+0.152	5.348	+0.305	5.353	+0.377
1.57	5.444	-0.547	5.464	-0.394	5.477	-0.322
	5.445	-1.149	5.468	-1.695	5.484	-0.924
	5.607	-1.848	5.628	-1.695	5.641	-1.623
	5.743	-2.149	5.761	-1.996	5.771	-1.924
	3.225		3.378		3.450	
Hg I	-4.813		-4.813		-4.813	
4358	5.259	5.385	5.272	5.783	5.285	5.978
4.87	5.466	4.686	5.478	5.084	5.491	5.279
	5.484	4.084	5.499	4.482	5.515	4.677
	5.572	3.385	5.597	3.783	5.611	3.978
	5.669	3.084	5.681	3.482	5.699	3.677
	8.198		8.596		8.891	